



For the three
months ended
March 31, 2021

TSX: **BNE**
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BONTERRA ENERGY REPORTS FIRST QUARTER 2021 FINANCIAL AND OPERATING RESULTS

HIGHLIGHTS

As at and for the three months ended (\$000s except \$ per share)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	
FINANCIAL				
Revenue - realized oil and gas sales	48,794	31,761	38,555	
Funds flow ⁽¹⁾	16,592	2,668	14,670	
Per share - basic and diluted	0.50	0.08	0.44	
Dividend payout ratio	0%	0%	7%	
Cash flow from operations	14,745	(1,199)	22,473	
Per share - basic and diluted	0.44	(0.04)	0.67	
Dividend payout ratio	0%	0%	4%	
Cash dividends per share	0.00	0.00	0.03	
Net loss ⁽²⁾	(1,684)	(11,071)	(284,653)	
Per share - basic and diluted	(0.05)	(0.33)	(8.53)	
Capital expenditures	23,461	19,064	21,741	
Total assets	748,543	731,859	743,533	
Net debt ⁽³⁾	328,506	315,573	300,688	
Bank debt	238,865	252,255	260,919	
Shareholders' equity	195,393	196,633	218,211	
OPERATIONS				
Light oil	-bbl per day	6,834	5,371	7,058
	-average price (\$ per bbl)	61.76	47.16	49.67
NGLs	-bbl per day	1,025	960	999
	-average price (\$ per bbl)	35.60	24.78	19.21
Conventional natural gas	-MCF per day	24,301	22,560	23,864
	-average price (\$ per MCF)	3.44	3.02	2.26
Total barrels of oil equivalent per day (BOE) ⁽⁴⁾		11,909	10,091	12,034

⁽¹⁾ Funds flow is not a recognized measure under IFRS. For these purposes, the Company defines funds flow as funds provided by operations including proceeds from sale of investments and investment income received excluding the effects of changes in non-cash working capital items and decommissioning expenditures settled.

⁽²⁾ In the first quarter of 2020 the Company recorded a \$331,678,000 impairment provision less a \$54,107,000 deferred income tax recovery related to its Alberta CGU's oil and gas assets due to the impact of COVID-19 effect on the forward benchmark prices for crude oil.

⁽³⁾ Net debt is not a recognized measure under IFRS. The Company defines net debt as current liabilities less current assets plus long-term bank debt and subordinated debt.

⁽⁴⁾ BOE may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A BOE conversion ratio of 6 MCF: 1 bbl is based on an energy conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead.

REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS

Bonterra Energy Corp. (Bonterra or the Company) is pleased to announce the filing of our first quarter 2021 financial and operating results. Included in the filings are Bonterra's unaudited condensed financial statements and related management discussion and analysis for the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Selected highlights are shown below and should be read in conjunction with the Q1 2021 report.

Q1 2021 HIGHLIGHTS

- Production averaged 11,909 BOE per day in Q1 2021, 18 percent higher than the preceding quarter, reflecting a successful drilling program that re-commenced in the fourth quarter of 2020, along with the reactivation of wells that had been voluntarily shut-in due to low commodity prices.
- Realized oil and gas sales totaled \$48.8 million in Q1 2021, a 54 percent increase over Q4 2020 and 27 percent higher than Q1 2020, due primarily to significantly improved realized commodity pricing and increased production volumes.
- Funds flow¹ of \$16.6 million in the quarter (\$0.50 per share) was 522 percent higher than Q4 2020, and 13 percent higher than Q1 2020.
- Capital expenditures totaled \$23.5 million in Q1 2021, with \$19.3 million directed to the drilling of 13 gross (12.9 net) wells and the completion, equip and tie-in of 14 gross (13.8 net) wells, four of which were drilled in 2020. Three of the 13 wells drilled in Q1 were placed on production in early Q2 2021. The balance of the capital was allocated primarily to related infrastructure and recompletions.
- Continued to focus on incremental operating cost savings across the organization, with Q1 2021 per unit production costs declining to \$15.60 per BOE, representing a ten percent decrease from Q4 2020 and a two percent decrease from Q1 2020.
- Field netbacks¹ averaged \$24.56 per BOE in Q1 2021, a 73 percent and 34 percent increase over Q4 2020 and Q1 2020, respectively, reflecting significantly higher revenue and lower per unit production costs, offset by a realized loss on risk management contracts and increased per unit royalty expenses in the period.
- Net debt¹ totaled \$328.5 million as at March 31, 2021, a \$12.9 million increase from year-end, reflecting the impact of a more active capital program that is designed to return production to pre-COVID-19 levels.

Though the first quarter of 2021, Bonterra benefitted from strengthening commodity prices as stability returned to markets following extreme volatility throughout 2020. With a successful drilling and completions program, the Company has started 2021 positioned for success. In Q1 2021, the Company realized meaningful growth in production, sales revenue and funds flow, which were bolstered by stronger commodity prices and lower per unit costs. Bonterra strategically grew production volumes into a higher commodity price environment and is now primed to deliver exceptional free cash flow in 2021.

Q1 2021 production averaged 11,909 BOE per day, an increase of 18 percent over Q4 2020, reflecting the success of Bonterra's Q1 2021 capital program, which has been designed to restore or exceed production volumes to pre-COVID-19 levels. With this increased production, Bonterra successfully reduced operating costs to \$15.60 per BOE, representing a ten percent reduction from Q4 2020 and two percent from Q1 2020.

The Company's capital expenditures totaled \$23.5 million during Q1 2021, with \$19.3 million directed to the drilling of 13 gross (12.9 net) wells and the completion, equip and tie-in of 14 gross (13.8 net) wells, of which four of the completed and equipped wells were drilled in 2020. An additional three wells were placed on production early in the second quarter of 2021. The balance of the capital, \$4.2 million, was invested primarily into related infrastructure and recompletions. Bonterra realized significant capital cost efficiencies in the first quarter with drilling, completion and equipping costs averaging \$1.4 million per well, representing a decrease of approximately 32 percent from Q1 2020.

¹ "Funds Flow", "Field Netback" and "Net Debt" are not recognized measures under IFRS. See "Cautionary Statements" below.

Bonterra remains committed to efficiently managing decommissioning liabilities. Supported by the Alberta Site Rehabilitation Program (“SRP”), the Company successfully abandoned 84.0 net wells during Q1 2021, and anticipates abandoning a further 223.8 net wells through the balance of 2021 and 2022, representing approximately 60 percent of Bonterra’s total inactive wells.

As part of the Company’s commitment to environmental, social and governance (“ESG”) initiatives, Mr. D. Michael G. Stewart was appointed to the Board of Directors on March 17, 2021, and subsequently appointed Board Chair on April 14, 2021. While he assumed this role from me, I will remain an active Director and the Company’s Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Stewart currently serves on the board of TSX and NYSE-listed TC Energy and brings more than 40 years of experience in the Canadian energy industry with an extensive track record serving as a corporate director. In addition, the Company wishes to thank Mr. Randy Jarock, for his more than 25 years of service to Bonterra, at first in a Senior Management position, followed by his role as a Director since 2012. On behalf of Bonterra’s Board, management team and staff, we wish Randy all the best in his future endeavours.

Shortly before the end of the quarter, Obsidian Energy Ltd. (“Obsidian”) confirmed that they would not proceed with their hostile bid, allowing the bid’s extended expiry date to lapse. Any Bonterra shares that had been tendered will be promptly returned to the respective Bonterra shareholders. The Company appreciates the ongoing support and feedback received from shareholders through the process.

OUTLOOK

Bonterra is pleased to reiterate our previously issued guidance, including plans to maintain a fully-funded capital program between \$65 and \$75 million targeting high rate-of-return, low-risk light oil opportunities. Based on this capital program, the Company expects 2021 annual production to average between 12,800 to 13,200 BOE per day², an increase of approximately 30 percent over Q4 2020. Exit production for Q1 2021 was approximately 12,800 BOE per day³, signaling the accomplishment of Bonterra’s goal to restore production to pre-COVID-19 levels, and positioning the Company to benefit from rising commodity prices and a lean cost structure, both of which are contributing factors to higher funds flow.

Building on our existing risk management program, and as part of Bonterra’s ongoing efforts to diversify commodity pricing and to protect future cash flows, the Company has put in place physical delivery sales and risk management contracts, details of which are included in Note 12 to the financial statements. Overall, risk management contracts are in place for approximately 30 percent of Bonterra’s anticipated crude oil and natural gas production for the remainder of 2021 with incremental protection for the first quarter of 2022.

Bonterra believes the Company is well positioned to continue pursuing profitable development of our high quality, light oil weighted asset base. The Company plans to continue our focus on generating free cash flow, supported by our 2021 capital expenditure program, and growing production into a higher commodity price environment, which has significantly benefitted the Company to date in 2021. The Company will continue to prioritize strong environmental, social and governance (“ESG”) initiatives including being a positive and meaningful contributor to the economic success of the communities where we operate in central Alberta, employing local services and upholding stringent safety measures to ensure the health and well-being of our employees, contractors and partners.

We look forward to reporting on our continued progress and achievements on an ongoing basis.



George F. Fink
Chief Executive Officer

² 2021 annual forecast volumes comprised of 7,050 to 7,400 bbl/d light and medium crude oil, 1,390 to 1,400 bbl/d NGLs and 26,100 to 26,500 mcf/d conventional natural gas.

³ Exit March 2021 volumes comprised of 7,510 bbl/d light and medium crude oil, 1,160 bbl/d NGLs and 24,750 mcf/d of conventional natural gas.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following report dated May 11, 2021 is a review of the operations and current financial position for the three months ended March 31, 2021 for Bonterra Energy Corp. ("Bonterra" or "the Company") and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed financial statements and the audited financial statements including the notes related thereto for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 presented under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as well as Bonterra's Annual Information Form ("AIF"), each of which is filed on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Use of Non-IFRS Financial Measures

Throughout this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) the Company uses the terms "payout ratio", "field netback", "cash netback" and "net debt" to analyze operating performance, which are not standardized measures recognized under IFRS and do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. These measures are commonly used in the oil and gas industry and are considered informative by management, shareholders and analysts. These measures may differ from those made by other companies and accordingly may not be comparable to such measures as reported by other companies.

The Company calculates payout ratio percentage by dividing cash dividends paid to shareholders by cash flow from operating activities, both of which are measures prescribed by IFRS which appear on its statement of cash flows. Bonterra calculates cash and field netback by dividing various financial statement items as determined by IFRS by total production for the period on a barrel of oil equivalent basis. The Company calculates net debt as long-term debt plus working capital deficiency (current liabilities less current assets).

Frequently Recurring Terms

Bonterra uses the following frequently recurring terms in this MD&A: "WTI" refers to West Texas Intermediate, a grade of light sweet crude oil used as benchmark pricing in the United States; "MSW Stream Index" or "Edmonton Par" refers to the mixed sweet blend that is the benchmark price for conventionally produced light sweet crude oil in Western Canada; "AECO" refers to Alberta Energy Company, a grade or heating content of natural gas used as benchmark pricing in Alberta, Canada; "bbl" refers to barrel; "NGL" refers to Natural gas liquids; "MCF" refers to thousand cubic feet; "MMBTU" refers to million British Thermal Units; "GJ" refers to gigajoule; and "BOE" refers to barrels of oil equivalent. Disclosure provided herein in respect of a BOE may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A BOE conversion ratio of 6 MCF: 1 bbl is based on an energy conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead.

Numerical Amounts

The reporting and the functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar.

QUARTERLY COMPARISONS

As at and for the periods ended (\$ 000s except \$ per share)	2021		2020		
	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Financial					
Revenue - oil and gas sales	48,794	31,761	29,155	22,171	38,555
Cash flow from operations	14,745	(1,199)	6,370	4,429	22,473
Per share - basic and diluted	0.44	(0.04)	0.19	0.13	0.67
Dividend payout ratio	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%
Cash dividends per share	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03
Net loss ⁽¹⁾	(1,684)	(11,071)	(5,211)	(5,954)	(284,653)
Per share - basic and diluted	(0.05)	(0.33)	(0.16)	(0.18)	(8.53)
Capital expenditures	23,461	19,064	2,819	104	21,741
Total assets	748,543	731,859	722,910	732,462	743,533
Net debt	328,506	315,573	295,168	299,445	300,688
Shareholders' equity	195,393	196,633	207,325	212,342	218,211
Operations					
Light oil (barrels per day)	6,834	5,371	5,355	5,553	7,058
NGLs (barrels per day)	1,025	960	1,064	1,104	999
Conventional natural gas (MCF per day)	24,301	22,560	21,510	21,142	23,864
Total BOE per day	11,909	10,091	10,004	10,181	12,034

⁽¹⁾ In the first quarter of 2020 the Company recorded a \$331,678,000 impairment provision less a \$54,107,000 deferred income tax recovery related to its Alberta CGU's oil and gas assets due to the impact of COVID-19 on forward benchmark prices for crude oil.

As at and for the periods ended (\$ 000s except \$ per share)	2019			
	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Financial				
Revenue - oil and gas sales	50,743	47,320	54,852	49,834
Cash flow from operations	20,767	19,774	25,468	15,123
Per share - basic and diluted	0.62	0.59	0.76	0.45
Dividend payout ratio	5%	5%	4%	7%
Cash dividends per share	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Net earnings (loss)	(1,389)	(1,276)	23,131	1,457
Per share - basic and diluted	(0.04)	(0.04)	0.69	0.04
Capital expenditures	5,678	17,845	9,042	21,062
Total assets	1,087,817	1,133,137	1,123,513	1,124,043
Net debt	292,810	308,069	310,783	326,733
Shareholders' equity	503,949	506,011	507,659	484,980
Operations				
Light oil (barrels per day)	7,255	7,157	7,746	7,081
NGLs (barrels per day)	1,016	1,009	970	949
Conventional natural gas (MCF per day)	24,697	23,820	23,750	23,938
Total BOE per day	12,387	12,136	12,674	12,020

Business Environment and Sensitivities

Bonterra's financial results are significantly influenced by fluctuations in commodity prices, including price differentials, as well as production volumes and foreign exchange rates. The following table depicts selective market benchmark commodity prices, differentials and foreign exchange rates in the last eight quarters to assist in understanding how past volatility has impacted Bonterra's financial and operating performance. The increases or decreases in Bonterra's realized average price for oil and natural gas for each of the eight quarters is also outlined in detail in the following table.

	Q1-2021	Q4-2020	Q3-2020	Q2-2020	Q1-2020	Q4-2019	Q3-2019	Q2-2019
Crude oil								
WTI (U.S.\$/bbl)	57.84	42.66	40.93	27.85	46.17	56.96	56.45	59.81
WTI to MSW Stream Index								
Differential (U.S.\$/bbl) ⁽¹⁾	(5.24)	(4.07)	(3.51)	(6.14)	(7.58)	(5.37)	(4.66)	(4.62)
Foreign exchange								
U.S.\$ to Cdn\$	1.2663	1.3031	1.3316	1.3860	1.3445	1.3201	1.3207	1.3375
Bonterra average realized								
oil price (Cdn\$/bbl)	61.76	47.16	45.73	33.31	49.67	63.37	65.49	71.27
Natural gas								
AECO (Cdn\$/mcf)	3.14	2.63	2.23	1.98	2.02	2.46	0.91	1.03
Bonterra average realized								
gas price (Cdn\$/mcf)	3.44	3.02	2.40	2.14	2.26	2.71	0.96	1.09

⁽¹⁾ This differential accounts for the majority of the difference between WTI and Bonterra's average realized price (before quality adjustments and foreign exchange).

Bonterra's average realized commodity prices can be impacted by numerous events or factors, however, recently none have been as impactful as the ongoing effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Since the onset of COVID-19 in early 2020, volatility in WTI benchmark pricing has been significant. Real demand improvements, along with anticipation of a return to pre-covid demand levels as vaccination roll out becomes more prevalent, coupled with supply discipline from OPEC+ and US shale producers, has led to significant destocking of global crude and product inventories, supporting higher prices with the Q1 2021 WTI benchmark price increasing over US\$15 per barrel compared to Q4 2020. It is still highly uncertain as to where supply and demand levels will be through the remainder of 2021; as such, it is likely that pricing volatility will continue throughout the year.

Canadian crude oil differentials continued to widen marginally in Q1 2021 compared to the previous quarter. Steady demand and production levels, adequate egress and storage level stability all contributed to the relatively stable differential in the first quarter of 2021. Currently, there are several pipeline projects underway with the most significant being the Enbridge Line 3 Expansion and the Trans Mountain Expansion. Completion of any proposed pipeline expansion projects or increasing Canada's export capabilities by expanding capacity on existing lines is anticipated to have a positive effect on the movement and pricing of Canadian barrels. Renewed concerns around the fate of Enbridge's Line 5 crossing into Michigan is a factor that could have a negative effect on the pricing differential between WTI and MSW or Edmonton Par pricing.

The AECO benchmark price for natural gas increased in the first quarter of 2021, due largely to seasonal factors, as well as continued access to and from storage, limited maintenance on TC Energy Corporation's NGTL pipeline system and reduced drilling activity compared to past years. Forecast pricing in 2021 continues to reflect an improved and stable AECO market. Planned facility additions for the NGTL system in the near term and progress by LNG Canada for the Kitimat liquefied natural gas export facility in the longer term may continue to improve market sentiment towards western Canadian-based natural gas producers.

The following chart shows the Company's sensitivity to key commodity price variables. The sensitivity calculations are performed independently and show the effect of changing one variable while holding all other variables constant.

Annualized sensitivity analysis on cash flow, as estimated for 2021⁽¹⁾

Impact on cash flow	Change (\$)	\$000s	\$ per share ⁽²⁾
Realized crude oil price (\$/bbl)	1.00	2,520	0.07
Realized natural gas price (\$/mcf)	0.10	954	0.03
U.S.\$ to Canadian \$ exchange rate	0.01	1,386	0.04

⁽¹⁾ This analysis uses current royalty rates, annualized estimated average production of 13,000 BOE per day and no changes in working capital.

⁽²⁾ Based on annualized basic weighted average shares outstanding of 33,596,834.

Business Overview, Strategy and Key Performance Drivers

The outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic in March 2020, has caused severe deterioration in world oil demand leading to unprecedented low oil prices. Since then, oil prices have seen some recovery as stability returns to commodity markets. However, the emergence of new COVID-19 variants and differing progress between countries' vaccination programs has created demand uncertainty. Bonterra remains focused on long term value creation and will continue to act swiftly and prudently to strategically manage the Company's financial position and to preserve the value of its crude oil reserves should further events adversely impact crude oil prices.

On March 29, 2021, Obsidian Energy Ltd. ("Obsidian") announced they would not extend their hostile bid. As of the expiry date, the hostile bid was unsuccessful and any Bonterra shares that had been tendered will be promptly returned to the respective Bonterra shareholders. The Company appreciates the ongoing support and feedback received from shareholders through the process. With ongoing efforts to generate strong and sustainable free cash flow, meaningful support from recent government programs and a Board refresh underway, Bonterra believes the Company is in a strong position to continue pursuing profitable development of its high-quality, light oil weighted asset base.

The Company achieved many milestones throughout 2020 and in the most recent quarter, including decreasing drilling, completion and equipping costs per well by approximately 32 percent in Q1 2021 compared to Q1 2020. Bonterra, also successfully requested the remaining \$17 million of the \$45 million Business Development Bank of Canada ("BDC") second lien non-revolving four-year term loan to fund its capital program. The Company invested a total of \$23.4 million or approximately 36 percent of the lower end of its annual capital budget. Of the total capital invested, \$19.3 million was directed to the drilling of 13 gross (12.9 net) wells and the completing, equipping and tying-in of 14 gross (13.8 net) wells, of which four of the completed and equipped wells were drilled late in 2020. Of the 13 wells drilled, three gross (2.9 net) wells were placed on production early in April 2021. Included in the total capital program of \$23.4 million, approximately \$4.1 million was spent primarily on related infrastructure and recompletions. Most of the production from new wells were brought online in the latter part of the quarter, averaging 35 days on production in Q1 2021, leaving the full benefit of these wells to be realized in the second quarter. The 2020-2021 winter drilling program supports long-term, sustainable net asset value per share growth as the economy recovers.

Supported by the Alberta Site Rehabilitation Program ("SRP"), Bonterra successfully abandoned 84.0 net wells during the first three months of 2021. As the Company continues to execute its abandonment program through the remainder of 2021 and 2022, a further 223.8 net wells are forecast to be abandoned, which represents approximately 60 percent of the Company's inactive wells with no deemed future potential. Bonterra continuously reviews its inactive well inventory for future potential to determine if a well bore should be reactivated, repurposed or abandoned.

The Company averaged 11,909 BOE per day of production for the first three months of 2021, an increase of 1,818 BOE per day from Q4 2020, as the Company used BDC funding and cash flow to execute its capital program and restore production to pre-COVID-19 levels. Exit production for Q1 2021 was approximately 12,800 BOE per day.

To further support stability while facing continued market volatility, and as part of Bonterra's ongoing efforts to diversify commodity pricing and to protect future cash flows, the Company has executed physical delivery sales and risk management contracts to the end of June 30, 2022. For the remainder of 2021, Bonterra had secured a WTI price between \$36.00 USD to \$50.50 USD per bbl on 2,500 bbls per day, with a WTI to Edmonton par differential average of \$7.18 on 2,250 bbls per day. During the first six months of 2022, Bonterra has secured WTI price between \$48.00

USD to \$68.90 USD per bbl on 1,370 bbls per day, with a WTI to Edmonton par differential average of \$6.36 on 873 bbls per day. In addition, the Company has secured an average natural gas price of \$2.55 on 7,638 GJ per day for the next twelve months (representing approximately 30 percent of Bonterra's crude oil and natural gas production).

Bonterra is committed to employing local services in Drayton Valley and to being a key economic contributor to rural and surrounding communities located within central Alberta. The Company's upstream oil and gas assets are primarily focused on the development of the Pembina and Willesden Green Cardium lands within central Alberta. The Pembina Cardium reservoir is the largest conventional oil reservoir in western Canada that features large original-oil-in-place with very low recoveries to date. Bonterra operates approximately 90 percent of its production and operates the majority of its related oil and gas processing facilities, which require minimal additional capital to support an increase in production.

Bonterra's successful operations are dependent upon several factors including, but not limited to: commodity prices, efficient management of capital spending, the ability to maintain desired levels of production, control over infrastructure, efficiency in developing and operating properties, and the ability to control costs. The Company's key measures of performance with respect to these drivers include but are not limited to: average daily production volumes, average realized prices, and average production costs per unit of production. Disclosure of these key performance measures can be found in this MD&A and/or previous interim or annual MD&A disclosures.

Drilling

	March 31, 2021		Three months ended December 31, 2020		March 31, 2020	
	Gross ⁽¹⁾	Net ⁽²⁾	Gross ⁽¹⁾	Net ⁽²⁾	Gross ⁽¹⁾	Net ⁽²⁾
Crude oil horizontal-operated	13	12.9	13	12.8	8	8.0
Crude oil horizontal-non-operated	-	-	3	0.1	-	-
Total	13	12.9	16	12.9	8	8.0
Success rate		100%		100%		88%

⁽¹⁾ "Gross" wells are the number of wells in which Bonterra has a working interest.

⁽²⁾ "Net" wells are the aggregate number of wells obtained by multiplying each gross well by Bonterra's percentage of working interest.

During the first quarter of 2021, the Company drilled 13 gross (12.9 net) operated wells and completed, tied-in and placed on production 14 gross (13.8 net) operated wells. Four of the wells that were completed and tied-in during Q1 2021 were drilled in late 2020. Three gross (2.9 net) operated wells drilled in Q1 2021 were placed on production early in the second quarter of 2021.

Production

	March 31, 2021	Three months ended December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
	Crude oil (barrels per day)	6,834	5,371
NGLs (barrels per day)	1,025	960	999
Natural gas (MCF per day)	24,301	22,560	23,864
Average BOE per day	11,909	10,091	12,034

The Company averaged 11,909 BOE per day of production in the first three months of 2021, compared to 10,091 BOE per day for Q4 2020. The increase in production is largely due to the Company's drilling program re-commencing in the fourth quarter of 2020 along with the reactivation of down wells that were voluntarily shut-in due to low commodity prices from the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Company's capital program had previously been suspended since April 2020. With the support of the BDC term loan, the Company was close to realizing Q1 2020 (pre COVID-19) production levels. As the average number of days on production from new wells was only 35 days in Q1 2021, Bonterra expects further production growth in Q2 2021 as the full benefit of the news wells is realized. The Company expects to be within its previously announced 2021 annual production guidance of 12,800 to 13,200 BOE per day by the second quarter of 2021.

Cash Netback

The following table illustrates the calculation of the Company's cash netback from operations for the periods ended:

\$ per BOE	Three months ended		
	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Production volumes (BOE)	1,071,835	928,332	1,095,135
Gross production revenue	45.52	34.21	35.21
Risk management contracts realized gain (loss)	(1.83)	(0.58)	1.45
Royalties	(3.53)	(2.11)	(2.52)
Production costs	(15.60)	(17.30)	(15.85)
Field netback	24.56	14.22	18.29
General and administrative	(2.68)	(4.07)	(1.55)
Interest and other	(6.40)	(7.28)	(3.34)
Cash netback	15.48	2.87	13.40

Cash netbacks in Q1 2021 compared to Q1 2020 and Q4 2020 increased primarily due to higher realized oil prices and lower production costs. On March 29, 2021 Obsidian did not extend its hostile bid, which had a significant impact on general and administrative costs in Q4 2020.

Oil and Gas Sales

Revenue - oil and gas sales (\$ 000s)	Three months ended		
	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Crude oil	37,986	23,301	31,905
NGL	3,285	2,188	1,747
Natural gas	7,523	6,272	4,903
	48,794	31,761	38,555
Average realized prices:			
Crude oil (\$ per barrel)	61.76	47.16	49.67
NGLs (\$ per barrel)	35.60	24.78	19.21
Natural gas (\$ per MCF)	3.44	3.02	2.26
Average (\$ per BOE)	45.52	34.21	35.21
Average BOE per day	11,909	10,091	12,034

Revenue from oil and gas sales in the first three months of 2021 increased by \$10,239,000, or 27 percent, compared to the same period in 2020. This increase was primarily driven by a 24 percent increase in Bonterra's realized crude oil prices, as weak demand caused by the COVID-19 pandemic impacted pricing in Q1 2020. Quarter-over-quarter, oil and gas sales increased as the Company benefited from a further oil price recovery while natural gas prices increased due to colder weather. Production also continued to grow by 18 percent in Q1 2021 over Q4 2020 as the Company successfully executed its capital program.

Bonterra's product split on a revenue basis was weighted approximately 84 percent to crude oil and NGLs during the first quarter of 2021.

Royalties

(\$ 000s)	Three months ended		
	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Crown royalties	1,862	913	1,535
Freehold, gross overriding and other royalties	1,924	1,044	1,220
Total royalties	3,786	1,957	2,755
Crown royalties - percentage of revenue	3.8	2.9	4.0
Freehold, gross overriding and other royalties - percentage of revenue	3.9	3.3	3.2
Royalties - percentage of revenue	7.7	6.2	7.2
Royalties \$ per BOE	3.53	2.11	2.52

Royalties paid by the Company consist of both crown royalties to the Provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and British Columbia and other royalties. Total royalties for the period ended March 31, 2021 increased by \$1.01 per BOE and \$1.42 per BOE for Q1 2020 and Q4 2020 respectively. The increase was primarily the result of an increase in crude oil prices.

Production Costs

(\$ 000s except \$ per BOE)	Three months ended		
	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Production costs	16,716	16,064	17,364
\$ per BOE	15.60	17.30	15.85

Production costs for Q1 2021 decreased from the same period in 2020 primarily due to decreased pipeline, well, road and lease maintenance costs that occurred early in Q1 2020. This was partially offset by an increase in Alberta government levies as some amounts were waived in 2020 due to COVID-19 and a 42 percent increase in the cost of power due to power demand recovery.

Production costs for Q1 2021 remained relatively unchanged from Q4 2020 despite production increasing by 18 percent. This was primarily due to the Company incurring increased service rig and facility maintenance late into 2020 as the Company continued to reactivate production, which was partially offset by the increased cost of power in Q1 2021 from an extremely cold February and a general increase in demand.

Other Income

(\$ 000s)	Three months ended		
	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Investment income	5	12	11
Administrative income	63	71	44
Deferred consideration	286	214	342
Government grant in-kind	2,083	1,689	-
Realized gain (loss) on risk management contracts	(1,966)	(540)	1,588
Unrealized gain (loss) on risk management contracts	(4,850)	(3,451)	1,796
	(4,379)	(2,005)	3,781

Deferred consideration relates to a deferred gain on the sale of a two percent overriding royalty interest, which is recognized into revenue using the same unit-of-production method as the encumbered property, plant, and equipment assets.

The market value and carrying value of the investments held by the Company on March 31, 2021 was \$385,000 (March 31, 2020 - \$127,000). There were no dispositions for the period ended March 31, 2021 or March 31, 2020. Dispositions that result in a gain or loss on sale are recorded as an equity transfer between accumulated other comprehensive income and retained earnings.

The Company receives administrative income for various oil and gas administrative services provided and production equipment rentals to other companies.

The Government of Alberta's SRP provides grant funding through service providers to abandon or remediate oil and gas sites. The Company derecognized approximately \$2,083,000 of asset retirement obligations as an in-kind grant for the first three months of 2021 (March 31, 2020 - \$nil). The benefit of the in-kind grant is recognized through other income.

To minimize commodity price risk on crude oil and natural gas sales, Bonterra has entered into financial derivatives. The financial derivatives outstanding are for the period from April 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022 and are for a total of 1,256,750 barrels of light crude oil (approximately 1,750 barrels of oil per day for the remainder of 2021, 2,000 barrels of oil per day for Q1 2022 and 500 barrels of oil per day for Q2 2022) at fixed WTI prices ranging from \$36.00 USD to \$68.90 USD per barrel, with a fixed differential from WTI to Edmonton Par prices for 548,000 barrels of oil (approximately 1,200 barrels of oil per day) at prices ranging from \$6.34 to \$8.10 per barrel. Bonterra also fixed 1,800 GJ per day of natural gas for the remainder of 2021 at \$2.24 per GJ. These contracts are not considered normal sales contracts and are recorded at fair value.

General and Administration (“G&A”) Expense

(\$ 000s except \$ per BOE)	Three months ended		
	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Employee compensation	999	1,412	1,141
Office and administrative - recurring	930	1,077	553
Total G&A recurring	1,929	2,489	1,694
Office and administrative - nonrecurring	946	1,287	-
Total G&A	2,875	3,776	1,694
\$ per BOE recurring	1.80	2.68	1.55
\$ per BOE nonrecurring	0.88	1.39	-
\$ per BOE total	2.68	4.07	1.55

Employee compensation expense decreased by \$142,000 for Q1 2021 compared to Q1 2020 as a result of the Canadian Emergency Wage Subsidy (“CEWS”) government program.

Office and administrative recurring expenses for 2021 increased by \$377,000 compared to the same period in 2020 primarily due to an increase in bank renewal fees, insurance and legal fees.

Non-recurring office and administrative costs are expenditures related to defending an unsolicited bid for the Company that expired March 29, 2021.

Finance Costs

(\$ 000s except \$ per BOE)	Three months ended		
	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Interest on bank debt	6,219	6,405	3,448
Subordinated debt interest	437	161	-
Other interest	271	274	267
Interest expense	6,927	6,840	3,715
\$ per BOE	6.46	7.37	3.39
Unwinding of the discounted value of decommissioning liabilities	774	800	779
Total finance costs	7,701	7,640	4,494

Interest on bank debt increased in 2021 compared to 2020 due to an increase in interest rates stemming from the negative effects of COVID-19 on the Company's net debt to earnings before income taxes and depletion and amortization (or "EBITDA" as defined by the Company's bank facility) ratio and a new interest rate grid for the term portion of the facility, which was partially offset by a \$21,432,000 decrease in the average bank debt balance outstanding. Quarter-over-quarter, bank interest decreased due to a lower average bank debt balance of \$17,587,000 from increased cash flow and a draw of \$17 million on the subordinated debt. Interest rates for the current quarter are determined based on the trailing quarter and calculated by taking the ratio of total debt (excluding accounts payable and accrued liabilities) to EBITDA (defined as net income excluding finance costs, provision for current and deferred taxes, depletion and depreciation, share-option compensation, gain or loss on sale of assets and impairment of assets) multiplied by four.

Subordinated debt interest is from a BDC second lien non-revolving four-year term loan. The Company drew \$28 million in Q4 2020 and \$17 million in Q1 2021. The loan bears interest at five percent. For more information about the subordinated debt, refer to Note 8 of the March 31, 2021 condensed financial statements.

Other interest relates primarily to amounts paid to a related party (see related party transactions for details) and a \$7,706,000 subordinated promissory note from a private investor. For more information about the subordinated promissory note, refer to Note 6 of the March 31, 2021 condensed financial statements.

A one percent increase (decrease) in the Canadian prime rate would decrease (increase) both annual net earnings and comprehensive income by approximately \$1,839,000.

Share-Option Compensation

(\$ 000s)	Three months ended		
	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Share-option compensation	293	194	56

Share-option compensation is a statistically calculated value representing the estimated expense of issuing employee stock options. The Company records a compensation expense over the vesting period based on the fair value of options granted to directors, officers and employees.

Share-option compensation increased by \$237,000 in the first three months of 2021 compared to Q1 2020. The increase is primarily due to the 1,200,000 options issued in the fourth quarter of 2020 (which will be fully amortized in 2021).

Based on the outstanding options as of March 31, 2021, the Company has an unamortized expense of \$832,000, of which \$719,000 will be recorded for the remainder of 2021, and \$113,000 thereafter. For more information about options issued and outstanding, refer to Note 10 of the March 31, 2021 condensed financial statements.

Depletion and Depreciation, Exploration and Evaluation (“E&E”) and Impairment

(\$ 000s)	Three months ended		
	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Depletion and depreciation	15,312	14,439	23,055
Impairment of oil and gas assets	-	-	331,678

The provision for depletion and depreciation (“D&D”) decreased in 2021 compared to 2020 primarily due to less capital to deplete and depreciate due to the impairment provision in Q1 2020.

At March 31, 2020 the Company determined that the carrying value of the Company’s Alberta cash generating unit (“CGU”) exceeded its recoverable amount. A total impairment loss of \$331,678,000 was recognized, with \$234,302,000 recognized on the Company’s property, plant and equipment (“PP&E”), \$92,810,000 was applied to the Company’s goodwill and an additional \$4,566,000 was applied to the Company’s E&E assets. The impairment loss was the result of the COVID-19 pandemic’s effect on the forward commodity benchmark prices used in impairment testing at March 31, 2020. With continued demand uncertainty for crude oil due to the impact of COVID-19 variants and the ability of each country around the world to vaccinate its citizens, no further indicators of impairment or impairment reversals were identified as of March 31, 2021. The impairment charge does not impact the Company’s cash flow or the amount of credit available under our bank credit facilities. The impairment can be reversed in future periods up to the original carrying value less any associated D&D for PP&E assets, should there be indicators that the value of the assets has increased. For more information about PP&E, refer to Note 4 of the March 31, 2021 condensed financial statements.

Taxes

The Company recorded a deferred income tax recovery of \$584,000 (2020 – \$60,684,000). The decrease in deferred income tax recovery for 2021 was primarily due to the impairment provision taken in the first quarter of 2020.

For additional information regarding income taxes, see Note 9 of the March 31, 2021 condensed financial statements.

Net Loss

(\$ 000s except \$ per share)	Three months ended		
	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Net loss	(1,684)	(11,071)	(284,653)
\$ per share - basic	(0.05)	(0.33)	(8.53)
\$ per share - diluted	(0.05)	(0.33)	(8.53)

Net loss for the first three months of 2021 decreased by \$282,969,000 compared to the same period in 2020. The decrease in net loss was primarily attributed to an impairment provision taken in Q1 2020 because of significantly reduced forward commodity benchmark prices due to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, which was partially offset by deferred income tax recovery on the impairment provision.

Net loss decreased quarter-over-quarter primarily due to an increase in oil and gas sales from higher crude oil prices.

Other Comprehensive Loss

Other comprehensive loss for 2021 consists of an unrealized gain before tax on investments (including investment in a related party) of \$90,000 relating to an increase in the investments’ fair value (March 31, 2020 – unrealized loss of \$159,000). Realized gains decrease accumulated other comprehensive income as these gains are transferred to retained earnings. Other comprehensive income varies from net earnings by unrealized changes in the fair value of Bonterra’s holdings of investments, including the investment in a related party, net of tax.

Cash Flow from Operations

(\$ 000s except \$ per share)	Three months ended		
	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Cash flow from operations	14,745	(1,199)	22,473
\$ per share - basic	0.44	(0.04)	0.67
\$ per share - diluted	0.43	(0.04)	0.67

In Q1 2021, cash flow from operations decreased by \$7,728,000 compared to the same period in 2020. This was primarily due to a decrease in non-cash working capital, an increase in realized risk management contract losses and an increase in finance costs, which was partially offset by an increase in oil and gas sales.

Quarter-over-quarter, cash flow from operations increased due to an increase in oil and gas sales from higher commodity prices and production volumes.

Related Party Transactions

Bonterra holds 1,034,523 (December 31, 2020 – 1,034,523) common shares in Pine Cliff Energy Ltd. (“Pine Cliff”) which represents less than one percent ownership in Pine Cliff’s outstanding common shares. Pine Cliff’s common shares had a fair market value as of March 31, 2021 of \$274,000 (December 31, 2020 – \$233,000). The Company provides marketing services for Pine Cliff. All services performed were charged at estimated fair value. As at March 31, 2021, the Company had an account receivable from Pine Cliff of \$68,000 (December 31, 2020 – \$62,000).

As at March 31, 2021, a loan to Bonterra provided by the Company’s CEO, director and major shareholder totaled \$12,534,000 (December 31, 2020 - \$12,366,000). The loan bears interest at five and a half percent and has no set repayment terms but was payable on demand. Security under the debenture is over all of the Company’s assets and is subordinated to all claims in favour of the syndicate of senior lenders (including subordinated debt) providing credit facilities to the Company. Interest paid on this loan in the first three months of 2021 was \$nil (March 31, 2020 - \$164,000). Effective June 1, 2020, principal payments or interest cannot be settled for cash but may be settled by the issuance of common shares. No common shares have been issued to date. In the first three months of 2021 interest accrued on this loan and added to the loan’s principal totaled \$168,000 (March 31, 2020 - \$nil).

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Net Debt to Cash Flow from Operations

Bonterra continues to focus on monitoring overall debt while managing its cash flow and capital expenditures. The Company’s net debt to twelve-month trailing cash flow ratio as of March 31, 2021 was 13.5 to 1 times (versus 9.8 to 1 times at December 31, 2020). The increased net debt to cash flow ratio is the result of a decrease in the Company’s twelve-month trailing cash flow that is primarily due to the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on crude oil prices and non-recurring G&A costs related to the unsolicited bid on the Company’s shares which expired on March 29, 2021. Compared to Q1 2020, net debt at Q1 2021 increased by \$27,818,000 due to an increased capital program supported by the BDC facility which is designed to allow the Company to achieve 2021 average annual production at or above pre-COVID-19 levels of approximately 13,000 BOE per day. The Company’s primary focus remains on reducing its bank debt. Bonterra will continue to assess its capital expenditures compared to cash flow from operations on a quarterly basis.

Working Capital Deficiency and Net debt

(\$ 000s)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Working capital deficiency	282,908	287,412	39,769
Long-term bank debt and subordinated debt	45,598	28,161	260,919
Net Debt	328,506	315,573	300,688

Net debt is a combination of long-term bank debt, subordinated debt and working capital. As of March 31, 2021, the Company's bank facility has a maturity date of June 30, 2021 and has been moved to current liabilities as compared to March 31, 2020. Bonterra actively monitors its credit availability and working capital to ensure that it has sufficient available funds to meet its financial requirements as they come due. Any of these events present risks that could affect Bonterra's ability to fund ongoing operations. If required, Bonterra will also consider short-term or long-term financing alternatives in order to meet its future liabilities.

Net debt for March 31, 2021 increased by \$27,818,000 compared to March 31, 2020 primarily due to utilizing the \$45 million available on the BDC second lien non-revolving four-year term loan for the Company's capital program in the fourth quarter of 2020 and the first quarter of 2021, which is designed to return production to pre-COVID-19 levels. Increased net debt was also the result of decreased cash flow in Q2 and Q3 2020 due to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on crude oil prices. For additional information on subordinated debt, see note 8 of the March 31, 2021 condensed financial statements.

Working capital is calculated as current assets less current liabilities. Included in the working capital deficiency as at March 31, 2021 is \$20,240,000 of debt relating to the subordinated promissory note and the amount due to a related party plus \$238,865,000 of bank debt that was reflected in long-term debt in previous periods. Effective June 1, 2020, the Company cannot make principal payments on the related party loan or the subordinated promissory note without bank approval. Interest has been either accrued in accounts payable and accrued liabilities or settled on issuance of common shares. Subsequent to March 31, 2021, \$206,000 of accrued interest on the subordinated promissory note was settled by issuing 81,079 common shares. During each quarter, the Company manages net debt by monitoring capital spending relative to cash flow from operations.

Financial Risk Management

Bonterra is exposed to market risk to the extent that the demand for oil and gas produced by the Company exists within Canada. External factors beyond the Company's control may affect the marketability of oil and gas produced. Oil prices are affected by worldwide supply and demand fundamentals and access to market, while natural gas prices are affected by North American supply and demand fundamentals. In order to manage commodity risk, in 2021 the Company executed physical delivery sales contracts, which are considered normal sales contracts and are not recorded at fair value in the financial statements, and also executed risk management contracts which are not considered normal sales contracts and are recorded at fair value on approximately 30 percent of its estimated production. Exploration and production for oil and gas is capital intensive. The Company uses its cash flow, access to equity markets and bank financing to support its operations. Bonterra uses these futures contracts to hedge its exposure to the potential adverse impact of commodity price volatility and provide a measure of stability to Bonterra's capital development program. For more information on physical delivery and risk management contracts in place see Note 12 of the March 31, 2021 condensed financial statements.

Capital Expenditures

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company incurred capital expenditures of \$23,461,000 (March 31, 2020 - \$21,741,000). Of the total capital invested, \$19,271,000 was directed to the drilling of 13 gross (12.9 net) wells and the completion, equip and tie-in of 14 gross (13.8 net) wells, of which four of the completed and equipped wells were drilled in 2020. Three of the 13 wells drilled were placed on production in early Q2 2021. An additional \$4,190,000 was spent primarily on related infrastructure and recompletions.

Decommissioning Liabilities

Bonterra has entered into the province of Alberta's Area-Based Closure ("ABC") program to reduce abandonment and reclamation costs and liabilities. This program provides numerous incentives to efficiently manage decommissioning liabilities that reduce overall cost. The ABC program currently requires the Company to spend an annual commitment of approximately \$3.3 million on its inactive wells, pipelines and facilities excluding any Alberta SRP funding. Due to the impact of COVID-19 in 2020, the previous year requirement has been extended to the end of 2021. As of March 31, 2021, the Company has committed to spend \$1.1 million for the remainder of 2021. With Alberta's SRP and other provincial programs, Bonterra expects to have reduced its inactive well inventory (defined as wells with no deemed future potential) by 60 percent by the end of 2022.

Bank Debt

Bank debt represents the outstanding amounts drawn on the Company's bank facility. On November 13, 2020, the Company's credit facility was confirmed at \$300,000,000 (December 31, 2020 - \$325,000,000), comprised of a \$125,000,000 syndicated revolving credit facility, a \$25,000,000 non-syndicated revolving credit facility and a term loan of \$150,000,000. The amount drawn under the total bank facility at March 31, 2021 was \$238,865,000 (December 31, 2020 - \$252,255,000). The amounts borrowed under the renewed bank facility bear interest at a floating rate based on the applicable Canadian prime rate or Banker's Acceptance rate, plus between 2.00 percent and 10.00 percent, depending on the type of borrowing and the Company's consolidated debt to EBITDA ratio. The terms of the total revolving bank facility provide that the loan facility is revolving to June 30, 2021, with a maturity date of December 31, 2021. The available lending limit of the bank facility is scheduled to be reviewed by June 30, 2021.

Under the current credit facility, the Company is restricted from making any payment of principal or interest on account of subordinated debt or dividend distributions. In addition, the Company is also limited to expenditures which cannot:

- exceed 110 percent or be less than 90 percent of the forecasted decommissioning expenditures settled on an annual basis;
- exceed 110 percent of forecasted capital expenditures each quarter, and;
- exceed 110 percent of the forecasted operating expenses each quarter.

The Company was within all forecasted expenditure limits for the period ended March 31, 2021.

As at March 31, 2021, Bonterra classified its bank debt as a current liability and had a working capital deficiency. The Company was in compliance with all financial covenants on its total bank facility as at March 31, 2021.

After examining the economic factors that are causing the liquidity risk facing the Company, the judgment applied to these factors, and the various initiatives that the Company has and will undertake to strengthen its financial position, the Company believes it will have sufficient liquidity to support its ongoing operations and meet its current financial obligations as they come due for at least the next twelve months. There can be no assurance that the borrowing base review will not result in a material reduction in the borrowing base, and that the necessary funds will be available to meet its obligations as they become due, subject to other alternative sources of financing.

Advances drawn under the bank facility are secured by a fixed and floating charge debenture over the assets of the Company. In the event the bank facility is not extended or renewed, amounts drawn under the facility would be due and payable on the maturity date. The size of the committed credit facilities is based primarily on the value of the Company's producing petroleum and natural gas assets and related tangible assets as determined by the lenders. For more information see Note 7 of the March 31, 2021 unaudited condensed financial statements.

Shareholders' Equity

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares without nominal or par value.

The Company is also authorized to issue an unlimited number of Class “A” redeemable Preferred Shares and an unlimited number of Class “B” Preferred Shares. There are currently no outstanding Class “A” redeemable Preferred Shares or Class “B” Preferred Shares.

	Number	Amount (\$ 000s)
Issued and fully paid - common shares		
Balance, December 31, 2020	33,511,316	765,415
Issued pursuant to the Company's share option plan	22,500	71
Transfer from contributed surplus to share capital		14
Balance, March 31, 2021	33,533,816	765,500

The Company provides a stock option plan for its directors, officers and employees. Under the plan, the Company may grant options for up to 3,353,382 (December 31, 2020 – 3,351,131) common shares. The exercise price of each option granted will not be lower than the market price of the common shares on the date of grant and the option's maximum term is five years. For additional information regarding options outstanding, see Note 10 of the March 31, 2021 unaudited condensed financial statements.

Dividend Policy

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company declared and paid dividends of \$nil (\$0.00 per share) (March 31, 2020 – \$1,002,000) (\$0.03 per share). Bonterra's dividend policy is regularly monitored and is dependent upon production, commodity prices, cash flow from operations, debt levels and capital expenditures covenants imposed by lenders.

On March 10, 2020, the Company's Board of Directors elected to suspend its monthly dividend, commencing on April 1, 2020.

Quarterly Financial Information

For the periods ended (\$ 000s except \$ per share)	2021		2020		
	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Revenue - oil and gas sales	48,794	31,761	29,155	22,171	38,555
Cash flow from operations	14,745	(1,199)	6,370	4,429	22,473
Net loss	(1,684)	(11,071)	(5,211)	(5,954)	(284,653)
Per share - basic	(0.05)	(0.33)	(0.16)	(0.18)	(8.53)
Per share - diluted	(0.05)	(0.33)	(0.16)	(0.18)	(8.53)

For the periods ended (\$ 000s except \$ per share)	2019			
	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Revenue - oil and gas sales	50,743	47,320	54,852	49,834
Cash flow from operations	20,767	19,774	25,468	15,123
Net earnings (loss)	(1,389)	(1,276)	23,131	1,457
Per share - basic	(0.04)	(0.04)	0.69	0.04
Per share - diluted	(0.04)	(0.04)	0.69	0.04

The fluctuations in the Company's revenue and net earnings from quarter-to-quarter are caused by variations in production volumes, realized commodity pricing and the related impact on royalties, production, G&A and finance costs. In 2020, the Company's net earnings significantly decreased mainly due to the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on crude oil demand. Cash flow from operations also decreased in the second quarter of 2020 due to low commodity prices in the peak of COVID-19's effect on oil prices. Although prices increased since the second quarter of 2020, the Company incurred \$3,764,000 of costs related to an unsolicited bid and an increase in bank finance costs which negatively impacted cash flow. With the utilization of the BDC funding on the Company's capital program and well

reactivation costs in the fourth quarter of 2020, the Company expects higher production and cash flow from operations in the quarters subsequent to December 31, 2020. Net loss for Q1 2020 is significantly higher than other quarters due to an impairment provision on the Company's Alberta cash generating unit.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

At March 31, 2021, Bonterra's total contractual obligations and commitments were \$347,194,000. These include obligations and commitments in place as of December 31, 2020, plus a draw of additional debt under the second lien non-revolving four-year term facility from BDC and accrued interest in the period, as well as additional firm service commitments entered into during the three months ended March 31, 2021. For more information, refer to Note 13 "Commitments and Financial Liabilities" of the March 31, 2021 condensed financial statements.

Off-Balance Sheet Financing

Bonterra does not have any guarantees or off-balance sheet arrangements that have been excluded from the condensed statement of financial position or balance sheet other than commitments disclosed in Note 13 of the March 31, 2021 condensed financial statements.

Critical Accounting Estimates

There have been no changes to the Company's critical accounting policies and estimates as of the period ended in the financial statements.

Assessment of Business Risk

Bonterra's exploration and production activities are concentrated in the Western Canadian Sedimentary Basin, where activity is highly competitive and includes a variety of different sized companies. Bonterra is subject to a number of risks that are also common to other organizations involved in the oil and gas industry. Such risks include finding and developing oil and gas reserves at economic costs, estimating amounts of recoverable reserves, production of oil and gas in commercial quantities, marketability of oil and gas produced, fluctuations in commodity prices, stock market volatility, debt service which may limit market price of shares, financial and liquidity risks and environmental and safety risks.

The Company mitigates its risk related to producing hydrocarbons through the utilization of current technology and information systems. In addition, Bonterra strives to operate the majority of its prospects, thereby maintaining operational control where possible.

The Company's business, operations and financial condition has been significantly adversely affected by COVID-19. Actions taken to reduce the spread of COVID-19 have resulted in volatility and disruptions in regular business operations, supply chains and financial markets. COVID-19 also poses a risk on the financial capacity of Bonterra's contract counterparties and potentially their ability to perform contractual obligations. These difficulties have been exacerbated in Canada by political and other actions resulting in uncertainty surrounding regulatory, tax, royalty changes and environmental regulation.

Additional information regarding risk factors including, but not limited to, business risks is available in our Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2020, which can be accessed on our website www.bonterraenergy.com or on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Environmental Risk

General Risks

Oil and gas exploration and production can involve environmental risks such as litigation, physical and regulatory risks. Physical risks include the pollution of the environment, climate change and destruction of natural habitat, as well as safety risks such as personal injury. The Company conducts its operations and ensures to protect the environment, its various stakeholders, and the general public. Bonterra maintains current insurance coverage for comprehensive and

general liability as well as limited pollution liability. The amount and terms of this insurance are reviewed on an ongoing basis and adjusted as necessary to reflect current corporate requirements, availability, as well as industry standards and government regulations. Without such insurance, and if the Company becomes subject to environmental liabilities, the payment of such liabilities could reduce or eliminate its available funds or could exceed the funds the Company has available and result in financial distress.

Climate Change Risks

Our exploration and production facilities and other operations and activities emit greenhouse gasses ("GHG") which may require us to comply with federal and/or provincial GHG emissions legislation. Climate change policy is evolving at regional, national and international levels, and political and economic events may significantly affect the scope and timing of climate change measures that are ultimately put in place to prevent climate change or mitigate our effects. The direct or indirect costs of compliance with GHG-related regulations may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. Some of our significant facilities may ultimately be subject to future regional, provincial and/or federal climate change regulations to manage GHG emissions. In addition, climate change has been linked to long-term shifts in climate patterns and extreme weather conditions both of which pose the risk of causing operational difficulties.

Additional information regarding risk factors including, but not limited to, environmental risks is available in our Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2020, which can be accessed on our website www.bonterraenergy.com or on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Forward-Looking Information

Certain statements contained in this MD&A include statements which contain words such as "anticipate", "could", "should", "expect", "seek", "may", "intend", "likely", "will", "believe" and similar expressions, relating to matters that are not historical facts, and such statements of our beliefs, intentions and expectations about development, results and events which will or may occur in the future, constitute "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation and are based on certain assumptions and analysis made by us derived from our experience and perceptions. Forward-looking information in this MD&A includes, but is not limited to: expected cash provided by continuing operations; cash dividends; future capital expenditures, including the amount and nature thereof; oil and natural gas prices and demand; expansion and other development trends of the oil and gas industry; business strategy and outlook; expansion and growth of our business and operations; and maintenance of existing customer, supplier and partner relationships; supply channels; accounting policies; credit risks; climate change risks; and other such matters.

All such forward-looking information is based on certain assumptions and analyses made by us in light of our experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors we believe are appropriate in the circumstances. The risks, uncertainties, and assumptions are difficult to predict and may affect operations, and may include, without limitation: foreign exchange fluctuations; equipment and labour shortages and inflationary costs; general economic conditions; industry conditions; changes in applicable environmental, taxation and other laws and regulations as well as how such laws and regulations are interpreted and enforced; the ability of oil and natural gas companies to raise capital; the effect of weather conditions on operations and facilities; the existence of operating risks; volatility of oil and natural gas prices; oil and gas product supply and demand; risks inherent in the ability to generate sufficient cash flow from operations to meet current and future obligations; increased competition; stock market volatility; opportunities available to or pursued by us; and other factors, many of which are beyond our control. The foregoing factors are not exhaustive.

Actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, this forward-looking information and, accordingly, no assurance can be given that any of the events anticipated by the forward-looking information will transpire or occur, or if any of them do, what benefits will be derived therefrom. Except as required by law, Bonterra disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

The forward-looking information contained herein is expressly qualified by this cautionary statement.

Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

The Company is required to comply with National Instrument 52-109 “Certification of Disclosure in Issuers’ Annual and Interim Filings.” The certification of interim filings for the interim period ended March 31, 2021 requires that Bonterra disclose in the interim MD&A any changes in the Company’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company’s internal control over financial reporting. Bonterra confirms that no such changes were made to its internal controls over financial reporting during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Additional information relating to the Company may be found on www.sedar.com or by visiting our website at www.bonterraenergy.com.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The information provided in this report, including the financial statements, is the responsibility of management. The timely preparation of the financial statements requires that management make estimates and use judgment regarding the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as at the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, actual results may differ from estimated amounts as future confirming events occur. Management believes such estimates have been based on careful judgments and have been properly reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

Management maintains a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the Company's assets are safeguarded and to facilitate the preparation of relevant and timely information.

The audit committee has reviewed these condensed financial statements with management and has reported to the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors has approved the financial statements as presented in this interim report.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at (unaudited) (\$ 000s)	Note	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Assets			
Current			
Accounts receivable		21,534	12,891
Crude oil inventory		705	598
Prepaid expenses		4,073	3,920
Investments		111	62
		26,423	17,471
Investment in related party		274	233
Exploration and evaluation assets		644	373
Property, plant and equipment	4	712,341	704,921
Investment tax credit receivable	9	8,861	8,861
		748,543	731,859
Liabilities			
Current			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		40,658	28,229
Risk management contract	12	8,449	3,599
Due to related party	5	12,534	12,366
Subordinated promissory note	6	7,706	7,604
Bank debt	7	238,865	252,255
Deferred consideration		1,119	830
		309,331	304,883
Subordinated debt	8	45,598	28,161
Deferred consideration		11,134	11,709
Decommissioning liabilities		134,190	137,002
Deferred tax liability		52,897	53,471
		553,150	535,226
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	10	765,500	765,415
Contributed surplus		30,951	30,672
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(670)	(750)
Deficit		(600,388)	(598,704)
		195,393	196,633
		748,543	731,859
Commitments and contingencies	13		
Subsequent events	6, 12		

See accompanying notes to these condensed financial statements.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**For the three months ended March 31 (unaudited)**

(\$ 000s, except \$ per share)	Note	2021	2020
Revenue			
Oil and gas sales, net of royalties	11	45,008	35,800
Other income	14	2,151	55
Deferred consideration		286	342
Gain (Loss) on risk management contracts		(6,816)	3,384
		40,629	39,581
Expenses			
Production		16,716	17,364
Office and administration		1,876	553
Employee compensation		999	1,141
Finance costs		7,701	4,494
Share-option compensation		293	56
Depletion and depreciation	4	15,312	23,055
Impairment of oil and gas assets	4	-	331,678
		42,897	378,341
Loss before income taxes		(2,268)	(338,760)
Taxes			
Deferred income tax recovery	9	(584)	(54,107)
		(584)	(54,107)
Net loss for the period		(1,684)	(284,653)
Other comprehensive income (loss)			
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments		90	(159)
Deferred taxes on unrealized loss (gain) on investments		(10)	20
Other comprehensive gain (loss) for the period		80	(139)
Total comprehensive loss for the period		(1,604)	(284,792)
Net loss per share - basic and diluted	10	(0.05)	(8.53)
Comprehensive loss per share - basic and diluted	10	(0.05)	(8.53)

See accompanying notes to these condensed financial statements.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

For the three months ended March 31 (unaudited)

(\$ 000s)	Note	2021	2020
Operating activities			
Net loss		(1,684)	(284,653)
Items not affecting cash			
Deferred income taxes recovery		(584)	(54,107)
Deferred consideration		(286)	(342)
Share-option compensation		293	56
Unrealized loss (gain) on risk management contracts	12	4,850	(1,796)
Depletion and depreciation		15,312	23,055
Government grant in-kind	14	(2,083)	-
Impairment of oil and gas assets		-	331,678
Unwinding of the discount on decommissioning liabilities		774	779
Investment income		(6)	(11)
Interest expense		6,927	3,715
Change in non-cash working capital accounts:			
Accounts receivable		(8,674)	10,244
Crude oil inventory		(90)	(112)
Prepaid expenses		(153)	602
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		7,431	(1,458)
Decommissioning expenditures		(1,062)	(1,462)
Interest paid		(6,220)	(3,715)
Cash provided by operating activities		14,745	22,473
Financing activities			
Decrease of bank debt		(13,390)	(12,146)
Subordinated debt		17,000	-
Stock option proceeds		71	-
Dividends		-	(1,002)
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities		3,681	(13,148)
Investing activities			
Investment income received		6	11
Exploration and evaluation expenditures		(271)	(586)
Property, plant and equipment expenditures	4	(23,190)	(21,155)
Change in non-cash working capital accounts:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		4,998	12,328
Accounts receivable		31	77
Cash used in investing activities		(18,426)	(9,325)
Net change in cash in the period		-	-
Cash, beginning of period		-	-
Cash, end of period		-	-

See accompanying notes to these condensed financial statements.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the periods ended (unaudited)

(\$ 000's, except number of shares outstanding)

	Numbers of common shares outstanding (Note 10)	Share Capital (Note 10)	Contributed surplus ⁽¹⁾	Accumulated other Comprehensive loss ⁽²⁾	Deficit	Total shareholders' equity
January 1, 2020	33,388,796	765,276	30,234	(748)	(290,813)	503,949
Share-option compensation			56			56
Comprehensive loss				(139)	(284,653)	(284,792)
Dividends					(1,002)	(1,002)
March 31, 2020	33,388,796	765,276	30,290	(887)	(576,468)	218,211
Share-option compensation			382			382
Shares issued for subordinated promissory note interest	122,520	139				139
Comprehensive income (loss)				137	(22,236)	(22,099)
December 31, 2020	33,511,316	765,415	30,672	(750)	(598,704)	196,633
Share-option compensation			293			293
Exercise of options	22,500	71				71
Transfer to share capital on exercise of options		14	(14)			-
Comprehensive income (loss)				80	(1,684)	(1,604)
March 31, 2021	33,533,816	765,500	30,951	(670)	(600,388)	195,393

⁽¹⁾ All amounts reported in Contributed Surplus relate to share-option compensation.

⁽²⁾ Accumulated other comprehensive income is comprised of unrealized gains and losses on investments fair value through other comprehensive income.

See accompanying notes to these condensed financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 and for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020. (unaudited)

1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Bonterra Energy Corp. (“Bonterra” or the “Company”) is a public company listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange (the “TSX”) and incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (Alberta). The address of the Company’s registered office is Suite 901, 1015-4th Street SW, Calgary, Alberta, Canada, T2R 1J4.

Bonterra operates in one industry and has only one reportable segment which is the development and production of oil and natural gas in the Western Canadian Sedimentary Basin.

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company’s Board of Directors on May 11, 2021.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND FUTURE OPERATIONS

a) Statement of Compliance

The Company prepares its unaudited condensed financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 – Interim Financial Reporting (IAS 34).

The accounting policies and method of computation followed in the preparation of the condensed financial statements are the same as those followed in the preparation of Bonterra’s 2020 audited annual financial statements, except as denoted below. These condensed financial statements do not include all of the information required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the 2020 audited annual financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

3. NOVEL CORONAVIRUS COVID-19 (“COVID-19”)

During the first quarter of 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak a global pandemic prompting many countries around the world to close international borders, place restrictions on travel and force closures for certain types of public places and businesses that were deemed non-essential, causing significant disruption to global economies. Crude oil prices have partially recovered from the historic lows observed early in 2020, but price support from future demand remains uncertain. Efforts to re-open local economies and international borders around the globe resulted in varying degrees of virus outbreak and some countries have re-imposed restrictions with a second wave of COVID-19. Vaccinations programs continue to be administered around the world, however the pace with which vaccines are administered is dependent on the supply access and logistics organized by individual nations. The potential direct and indirect impacts of the economic downturn, including reduced demand for commodities and continued economic uncertainty, have been considered in management’s estimates, and assumptions at period end.

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Cost (\$ 000s)	Oil and gas properties	Production facilities	Furniture fixtures & other equipment	Total property plant & equipment
Balance at December 31, 2020	1,457,565	369,585	2,297	1,829,447
Additions	17,051	6,129	10	23,190
Adjustment to decommissioning liabilities	(441)	-	-	(441)
Balance at March 31, 2021	1,474,175	375,714	2,307	1,852,196

Accumulated depletion and depreciation (\$ 000s)	Oil and gas properties	Production facilities	Furniture fixtures & other equipment	Total property plant & equipment
Balance at December 31, 2020	(910,638)	(212,032)	(1,856)	(1,124,526)
Depletion and depreciation	(12,889)	(2,409)	(14)	(15,312)
Disposal and other	(17)	-	-	(17)
Balance at March 31, 2021	(923,544)	(214,441)	(1,870)	(1,139,855)

Carrying amounts as at: (\$ 000s)	Oil and gas properties	Production facilities	Furniture fixtures & other equipment	Total property plant & equipment
December 31, 2020	546,927	157,553	441	704,921
March 31, 2021	550,631	161,273	437	712,341

Impairment

There were no indicators of impairment losses or reversals identified for the three months ended March 31, 2021.

At March 31, 2020 the Company determined that the carrying value of the Company's Alberta CGU exceeded its recoverable amount. A total impairment loss of \$331,678,000 was recognized, with \$234,302,000 recognized on the Company's PP&E, \$92,810,000 was applied to the Company's goodwill and an additional \$4,566,000 was applied to the Company's exploration and evaluation assets ("E&E"). The impairment loss was the result of the decline for the forward commodity benchmark prices used in impairment testing at March 31, 2020.

In future periods, the impairment can be reversed for PP&E up to the original carrying value less any associated depletion and depreciation, if the recoverable amounts of the Alberta CGU exceed the carrying value. Goodwill impairment cannot be reversed.

5. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

As at March 31, 2021, a loan to Bonterra provided by the Company's CEO, director and major shareholder totaled \$12,534,000 (December 31, 2020 - \$12,366,000). The loan bears interest at five and a half percent and has no set repayment terms but was payable on demand. Security under the debenture is over all of the Company's assets and is subordinated to all claims in favour of the syndicate of senior lenders (including subordinated debt) providing credit facilities to the Company. Interest paid on this loan in the first three months of 2021 was \$nil (March 31, 2020 - \$164,000). Effective June 1, 2020, principal payments or interest cannot be settled for cash but may be settled by the issuance of common shares. No common shares have been issued to date. In the first three months of 2021 interest accrued on this loan and added to the loan's principal totaled \$168,000 (March 31, 2020 - \$nil).

The Company provides executive and marketing services for Pine Cliff Energy Ltd. (Pine Cliff). All services performed were charged at estimated fair value. As at March 31, 2021, the Company had an account receivable from Pine Cliff of \$68,000 (December 31, 2020 - \$62,000).

6. SUBORDINATED PROMISSORY NOTE

As at March 31, 2021, Bonterra had \$7,706,000 (December 31, 2020 - \$7,604,000) outstanding on a subordinated note to a private investor. The loan bears interest at five and a half percent. The subordinated promissory note was callable only after thirty days' written notice by either party. Security consists of a floating demand debenture over all of the Company's assets and is subordinated to all claims in favor of the syndicate of senior lenders (including subordinated debt) providing credit facilities to the Company. Interest settled on the subordinated promissory note for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$Nil (March 31, 2020 - \$102,000) in cash. Effective June 1, 2020, the principal payments cannot be paid without bank approval. An additional \$102,000 in interest was accrued for the three months ended March 31, 2021 (March 31, 2020 - \$nil) and included on the loan's principal. Amounts owing on this loan for interest or principal repayments cannot be settled for cash but may be settled by the issuance of common shares. Subsequent to March 31, 2021, \$206,000 of accrued interest was settled by issuing 81,079 common shares.

7. BANK DEBT

As at March 31, 2021, the Company has a total bank facility of \$300,000,000 (December 31, 2020 - \$300,000,000), comprised of a \$125,000,000 syndicated revolving credit facility, a \$25,000,000 non-syndicated revolving credit facility and a term loan of \$150,000,000. The amount drawn under the total bank facility at March 31, 2021 was \$238,865,000 (December 31, 2020 - \$252,255,000). The amounts borrowed under the renewed bank facility bear interest at a floating rate based on the applicable Canadian prime rate or Banker's Acceptance rate, plus between 2.00 percent and 10.00 percent, depending on the type of borrowing and the Company's consolidated debt to EBITDA ratio. EBITDA is defined as net income for the period excluding finance costs, provision for current and deferred taxes, depletion and depreciation, share-option compensation, gain or loss on sale of assets and impairment of assets. The terms of the total revolving bank facility provide that the loan facility is revolving to June 30, 2021, with a maturity date of December 31, 2021. The available lending limit of the bank facility is scheduled to be reviewed by June 30, 2021.

The amount available for borrowing under the bank facility is reduced by outstanding letters of credit. Letters of credit totaling \$1,245,000 were issued as at March 31, 2021 (December 31, 2020 - \$1,245,000). Security for the bank facility consists of various floating demand debentures totaling \$750,000,000 (December 31, 2020 - \$750,000,000) over all of the Company's assets and a general security agreement with first ranking over all personal and real property.

Under the credit facility, the Company is restricted from making any payment of principal or interest on account of subordinated promissory note and due to related party debt or dividend distributions. In addition, the Company is also limited to expenditures which cannot:

- exceed 110 percent or be less than 90 percent of the forecasted decommissioning expenditures settled on an annual basis;
- exceed 110 percent of forecasted capital expenditures each quarter; and
- exceed 110 percent of the forecasted operating expenses each quarter.

As at March 31, 2021, Bonterra had a working capital deficiency, however, was in compliance with all financial covenants on its total bank facility.

8. SUBORDINATED DEBT

Effective November 13, 2020, the Company entered into a second lien non-revolving four-year term facility from Business Development Bank of Canada (the "BDC") for \$45,000,000, through the Business Credit Availability Program (the "BCAP"). The total amount of the BCAP facility is to be drawn within a 12-month period following the closing of the financing. The amount drawn under the BCAP facility at March 31, 2021 was \$45,000,000 (December 31, 2020 - \$28,000,000). Interest on amounts borrowed under the BCAP facility is accrued and added to principal at five percent for the first year from the effective date. Thereafter interest (including accrued interest) will be paid monthly at an interest rate the greater of the revolving bank facility rate plus between 1.00 percent or a fixed interest rate of 6.00 percent, increasing by 1.00 percent in each of the subsequent years. Security consists of a floating demand debenture over all of the Company's assets and is subordinated to all claims in favor of the syndicate of senior lenders providing credit facilities to the Company. Interest accrued and capitalized on the BCAP facility during the first three months of 2021 was \$437,000 (March 31, 2020 - \$nil).

9. INCOME TAXES

The Company has the following tax pools, which may be used to reduce taxable income in future years, limited to the applicable rates of utilization:

(\$ 000s)	Rate of Utilization (%)	Amount
Undepreciated capital costs	7-100	51,488
Canadian oil and gas property expenditures	10	71,079
Canadian development expenditures	30	87,044
Canadian exploration expenditures	100	9,111
Federal income tax losses carried forward ⁽¹⁾	100	147,863
Provincial income tax losses carried forward ⁽²⁾	100	109,803
		476,388

⁽¹⁾ Federal income tax losses carried forward expire in the following years: 2035 - \$8,156,000; 2036 - \$35,823,000; 2037 - \$182,000; 2039 - \$2,163,000; 2040 - \$55,757,000; 2041 - \$45,782,000.

⁽²⁾ Provincial income tax losses carried forward expire in the following years: 2036 - \$5,562,000; 2037 - \$182,000; 2039 - \$2,520,000; 2040 - \$55,757,000; 2041 - \$45,782,000.

The Company has \$8,861,000 (December 31, 2020 - \$8,861,000) of investment tax credits that expire in the following years: 2024 - \$1,319,000; 2025 - \$2,258,000; 2026 - \$2,405,000; 2027 - \$2,009,000; 2028 - \$745,000; 2034 - \$99,000; and 2037 - \$26,000.

The Company has \$64,725,000 (December 31, 2020 - \$65,015,000) of capital losses carried forward which can only be claimed against taxable capital gains.

10. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Authorized

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares without nominal or par value.

	Number	Amount (\$ 000s)
Issued and fully paid - common shares		
Balance, December 31, 2020	33,511,316	765,415
Issued pursuant to the Company's share option plan	22,500	71
Transfer from contributed surplus to share capital		14
Balance, March 31, 2021	33,533,816	765,500

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Class "A" redeemable Preferred Shares and an unlimited number of Class "B" Preferred Shares. There are currently no outstanding Class "A" redeemable Preferred Shares or Class "B" Preferred Shares.

The weighted average common shares used to calculate basic and diluted net earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2021 is as follows:

	2021	2020
Basic shares outstanding	33,515,316	33,388,796
Dilutive effect of share options ⁽¹⁾	474,816	-
Diluted shares outstanding	33,990,132	33,388,796

⁽¹⁾ The Company did not include 649,850 share-options (March 31, 2020 - 2,782,000) in the dilutive effect of share-options calculations as these share-options were anti-dilutive.

For the three month period ended March 31, 2021, the Company did not declare or pay dividends (March 31, 2020 - \$1,002,000 (\$0.03 per share)). The dividend was suspended effective April 1, 2020.

The Company provides an equity settled option plan for its directors, officers and employees. Under the plan, the Company may grant options for up to 3,353,382 (December 31, 2020 – 3,351,131 common shares). The exercise price of each option granted cannot be lower than the market price of the common shares on the date of grant and the option’s maximum term is five years.

A summary of the status of the Company’s stock options as of March 31, 2021 and changes during the year are presented below:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
At December 31, 2020	2,426,700	\$2.63
Options granted	90,000	3.89
Options exercised	(22,500)	3.14
Options expired	(22,000)	13.90
At March 31, 2021	2,472,200	\$2.57

The following table summarizes information about options outstanding and exercisable as at March 31, 2021:

Range of exercise prices	Options outstanding			Options exercisable	
	Number outstanding	Weighted-average remaining contractual life	Weighted-average exercise price	Number exercisable	Weighted-average exercise price
\$ 1.00 - \$ 5.00	2,367,200	1.7 years	\$ 2.27	437,350	\$ 3.14
5.01 - 10.00	76,000	1.2 years	5.82	33,000	5.84
10.01 - 20.00	29,000	0.8 years	18.03	19,000	17.37
\$ 1.00 - \$ 20.00	2,472,200	1.6 years	\$ 2.57	489,350	\$ 3.87

The Company records compensation expense over the vesting period, which ranges between one and three years, based on the fair value of options granted to directors, officers and employees. In 2021, the Company granted 90,000 options with an estimated fair value of \$143,000 or \$1.59 per option using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following key assumptions:

	March 31, 2021
Weighted-average risk free interest rate (%) ⁽¹⁾	0.35
Weighted-average expected life (years)	2.0
Weighted-average volatility (%) ⁽²⁾	87.63
Forfeiture rate (%)	7.61
Weighted average dividend yield (%)	2.99

⁽¹⁾ Risk-free interest rate is based on the weighted average Government of Canada benchmark bond yields for one, two, and three year terms to match corresponding vesting periods.

⁽²⁾ The expected volatility is measured as the standard deviation of expected share price returns based on statistical analysis of historical weekly share prices for a representative period.

11. OIL AND GAS SALES, NET OF ROYALTIES

(\$ 000s)	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Oil and gas sales		
Crude oil	37,986	31,905
Natural gas liquids	3,285	1,747
Natural gas	7,523	4,903
	48,794	38,555
Less royalties:		
Crown	(1,862)	(1,535)
Freehold, gross overriding royalties and other	(1,924)	(1,220)
	(3,786)	(2,755)
Oil and gas sales, net of royalties	45,008	35,800

12. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial Risk Factors

The Company undertakes transactions in a range of financial instruments including:

- Accounts receivable
- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
- Common share investments
- Due to related party
- Subordinated promissory note
- Bank debt
- Subordinated debt

The Company's activities result in exposure to a number of financial risks including market risk (commodity price risk, interest rate risk, and foreign exchange risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and equity price risk.

The Company's overall risk management program seeks to mitigate these risks and reduce the volatility on the Company's financial performance. Financial risk is managed by senior management under the direction of the Board of Directors.

The Company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk as part of its normal course of business. The Company's overall risk management program seeks to mitigate these risks and reduce the volatility on the Company's financial performance. Financial risk is managed by senior management under the direction of the Board of Directors. The Company does not speculatively trade in risk management contracts. The Company's risk management contracts are entered into to manage the risks relating to commodity prices from its business activities. Certain financial risks have been increased due to the COVID-19 outbreak and have created abnormal volatility in spot prices and decreased demand for oil.

Liquidity Risk Management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities. While commodity prices have stabilized since the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic there is still economic uncertainty as a result of new COVID-19 variants and varying levels of progress each country around the globe can administer vaccines will have impact the Company's financial performance and position, the Company continues to retain available committed borrowing capacity that provides the Company with financial flexibility and the ability to meet ongoing obligations as they become due.

After examining the economic factors that are causing the liquidity risk facing the Company, the judgment applied to these factors, and the various initiatives that the Company has and will undertake to strengthen its financial position,

the Company believes it will have sufficient liquidity to support its ongoing operations and meet its financial obligations as they come due for at least the next twelve months. There can be no assurance that the next borrowing base redetermination will not result in a borrowing base shortfall, and that the necessary funds or additional security will be available to eliminate the short fall. Upon receipt of notice from the lenders, the shortfall would have to be remedied within 30 days or by such other means as acceptable to the lenders.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a contracting party will not complete its obligations under a financial instrument and cause the Company to incur a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk on all financial assets included on the statement of financial position. To help mitigate this risk:

- The Company only enters into material agreements with credit worthy counterparties. These include major oil and gas companies or major Canadian chartered banks; and
- Agreements for product sales are primarily on 30-day renewal terms. Of the \$21,534,000 accounts receivable balance at March 31, 2021 (December 31, 2020 - \$12,891,000) over 95 percent (2020 – 91 percent) relates to product sales or risk management contracts with national and international banks and oil and gas companies.

On a quarterly basis, the Company assesses if there has been any impairment of the financial assets of the Company. During the three months ended March 31, 2021, there was no material impairment provision required on any of the financial assets of the Company. The Company does have a credit risk exposure as the majority of the Company's accounts receivable are with counterparties having similar characteristics. However, payments from the Company's largest accounts receivable counterparties have consistently been received within 30 days and the sales agreements with these parties are cancellable with 30 days' notice if payments are not received.

At March 31, 2021, approximately \$522,000 or two and a half percent of the Company's total accounts receivable are aged over 90 days and considered past due (December 31, 2020 - \$709,000 or five and half percent). The majority of these accounts are due from various joint venture partners. The Company actively monitors past due accounts and takes the necessary actions to expedite collection, which can include withholding production or netting payables when the accounts are with joint venture partners. Should the Company determine that the ultimate collection of a receivable is in doubt, it will provide the necessary provision in its allowance for doubtful accounts with a corresponding charge to earnings. If the Company subsequently determines an account is uncollectable, the account is written off with a corresponding charge to the allowance account. The Company's allowance for doubtful accounts balance at March 31, 2021 is \$1,240,000 (December 31, 2020 - \$1,186,000) with the expense being included in general and administrative expenses. There were no material accounts written off during the period.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amounts of accounts receivable. There are no material financial assets that the Company considers past due.

Capital Risk Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital, which the Company defines to include shareholders' equity, debt and working capital balances, are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns to its shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a capital structure that provides a low cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the current debt structure and/or issue common shares.

The Company monitors capital based on the ratio of net debt (total debt adjusted for working capital) to cash flow from operating activities. This ratio is calculated using each quarter end net debt divided by the preceding twelve months' cash flow. Management believes that a net debt level as high as one and a half year's cash flow is an optimal level to allow it to take advantage of future acquisition opportunities. During the current year the Company had a net debt to cash flow level of 13.5:1 compared to 9.8:1 as at December 31, 2020. The increase in net debt to cash flow ratio is primarily due to an increase in net debt of \$12,933,000 as the Company continued its capital program and a

\$7,728,000 decrease in the twelve month trailing cash flow due to a decrease in non-cash working capital. Net debt to cash flow ratio should improve in subsequent quarters with commodity prices stabilizing, increased production from the Company's capital program and having approximately thirty percent of the Company's forecasted production hedged. Bonterra has also optimized using any government assistance programs where applicable.

Section (a) of this note provides the Company's debt to cash flow from operations.

Section (b) addresses in more detail the key financial risk factors that arise from the Company's activities including its policies for managing these risks.

a) Net debt to cash flow ratio

The net debt and cash flow amounts are as follows:

(\$ 000s)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Bank debt ⁽¹⁾	238,865	252,255
Subordinated debt	45,598	28,161
Current liabilities	70,466	52,628
Current assets	(26,423)	(17,471)
Net debt	328,506	315,573
Cash flow from operations	24,345	32,073
Net debt to cash flow ratio	13.5	9.8

⁽¹⁾ Bank debt is classified as a current liability.

b) Risks and mitigation

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flow of the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Components of market risk to which the Company is exposed are discussed below.

Commodity Price Risk

The Company's principal operation is the production and sale of crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids. Fluctuations in prices of these commodities directly impact the Company's performance and ability to continue with its dividends.

The Company has used various risk management contracts to set price parameters for a portion of its production. The Company has assumed the risk in respect of commodity prices, except for a small portion of physical delivery sales and risk management contracts to manage commodity risk on the Company's higher operating cost areas.

The Company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk as part of its normal course of business. The Company's overall risk management program seeks to mitigate these risks and reduce the volatility on the Company's financial performance. Financial risk is managed by senior management under the direction of the Board of Directors.

Physical Delivery Sales Contracts

Bonterra enters into physical delivery sales contracts to manage commodity price risk. These contracts are considered normal executory sales contracts and are not recorded at fair value in the financial statements. As of March 31, 2021, the Company has the following physical delivery sales contracts in place.

Product	Type of contract	Volume	Term	Contract price
Oil	Costless physical collar - WTI ⁽¹⁾	500 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2021 to Dec 31, 2021	\$37.00 to \$47.70 USD/BBL
Oil	Fixed price - MSW differential ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	500 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2021 to Dec 31, 2021	\$(8.18)CAD/BBL
Oil	Fixed price - MSW Stream index ⁽²⁾	500 BBL/day	Feb 1, 2021 to April 30, 2021	\$56.55 CAD/BBL
Oil	Fixed price - MSW Stream index ⁽²⁾	250 BBL/day	Mar 1, 2021 to May 31, 2021	\$65.40 CAD/BBL
Oil	Costless physical collar - WTI ⁽¹⁾	250 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2022 to Mar 31, 2022	\$48.00 to \$63.90 USD/BBL
Oil	Fixed price - MSW differential ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	250 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2022 to Mar 31, 2022	\$(5.00)CAD/BBL
Gas	Fixed Price -AECO ⁽⁴⁾	2,500 GJ/day	Jan 1, 2021 to Dec 31, 2021	\$2.45 GJ/ day
Gas	Fixed Price -AECO ⁽⁴⁾	3,000 GJ/day	Nov 1, 2020 to Oct 31, 2021	\$2.79 GJ/ day
Gas	Fixed Price -AECO ⁽⁴⁾	2,000 GJ/day	Jan 1, 2022 to Mar 31, 2022	\$2.70 GJ/ day
Gas	Fixed Price -AECO ⁽⁴⁾	3,000 GJ/day	Nov 1, 2021 to Dec 31, 2021	\$2.45 GJ/ day
Gas	Fixed Price -AECO ⁽⁴⁾	3,000 GJ/day	Jan 1, 2022 to Mar 31, 2022	\$3.10 GJ/ day
Gas	Fixed Price -AECO ⁽⁴⁾	2,500 GJ/day	Jan 1, 2022 to Mar 31, 2022	\$2.65 GJ/ day

⁽¹⁾ "WTI" refers to West Texas Intermediate, a grade of light sweet crude oil used as benchmark pricing in the United States.

⁽²⁾ "MSW Stream index" or "Edmonton Par" refers to the mixed sweet blend that is the benchmark price for conventionally produced light sweet crude oil in Western Canada.

⁽³⁾ "MSW differential" is the primary difference between WTI and MSW steam index benchmark pricing.

⁽⁴⁾ "AECO" refers to Alberta Energy Company; a grade or heating content of natural gas used as benchmark pricing in Alberta, Canada.

Risk Management Contracts

(\$ 000s)	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Risk management contracts		
Realized gain (loss)	(1,966)	1,588
Unrealized gain (loss)	(4,850)	1,796
	(6,816)	3,384

The Company also enters into financial derivative instruments or risk management contracts to manage commodity price risk. These contracts are not considered normal executory sales contracts and are recorded at fair value in the financial statements. The Company has entered into the following risk management contracts during the period ended March 31, 2021.

Product	Type of contract	Volume	Term	Contract price
Oil	Costless financial collar -WTI	500 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2021 to Dec 31, 2021	\$37.00 to \$48.00 USD/BBL
Oil	Fixed price - MSW differential	500 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2021 to Dec 31, 2021	\$(7.26) CAD/BBL
Oil	Costless financial collar -WTI	250 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2021 to Dec 31, 2021	\$36.00 to 50.05 USD/BBL
Oil	Costless financial collar -WTI	250 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2021 to Dec 31, 2021	\$38.00 to 50.50 USD/BBL
Oil	Fixed price - MSW differential	250 BBL/day	Mar 1, 2021 to Dec 31 2021	\$(6.34) CAD/BBL
Oil	Fixed price - MSW differential	250 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2021 to Dec 31 2021	\$(8.10) CAD/BBL
Oil	Costless financial collar -WTI	500 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2021 to Dec 31, 2021	\$36.00 to 48.75 USD/BBL
Oil	Fixed price - MSW differential	500 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2021 to Dec 31, 2021	\$(7.15) CAD/BBL
Oil	Costless financial collar -WTI	250 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2021 to Dec 31, 2021	\$36.00 to 48.90 USD/BBL
Oil	Costless financial collar -WTI	1,000 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2022 to Mar 31, 2022	\$48.00 to 64.60 USD/BBL
Oil	Costless financial collar -WTI	500 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2022 to Mar 31, 2022	\$48.00 to 68.00 USD/BBL
Oil	Costless financial collar -WTI	500 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2022 to Mar 31, 2022	\$48.00 to 68.50 USD/BBL
Gas	Fixed Price -AECO	1,800 GJ/day	Jan 1, 2021 to Dec 31, 2021	2.24 GJ/ day

Subsequent to March 31, 2021, the Company entered into the following risk management contracts.

Oil	Fixed price - MSW differential	1,000 BBL/day	Jan 1, 2022 to Mar 31, 2022	\$(6.60) CAD/BBL
Oil	Costless financial collar -WTI	500 BBL/day	Apr 1, 2022 to Jun 30, 2022	\$48.00 to 68.90 USD/BBL
Oil	Fixed price - MSW differential	500 BBL/day	Apr 1, 2022 to Jun 30, 2022	\$(6.55) CAD/BBL

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk arises from interest bearing financial assets and liabilities that the Company uses. The principal exposure of the Company is on its borrowings which have a variable interest rate which gives rise to a cash flow interest rate risk.

The Company's debt facilities consist of a \$125,000,000 syndicated revolving operating line, \$25,000,000 non-syndicated revolving operating line, \$150,000,000 syndicated term loan, \$45,000,000 subordinated debt, \$12,534,000 due to a related party and a \$7,706,000 subordinated promissory note. The borrowings under the total bank facilities are at bank prime plus or minus various percentages as well as by means of banker's acceptances ("BAs") within the Company's credit facility. Due to related party and the subordinated promissory note are at a fixed interest rate of five and a half percent and the subordinated debt is at fixed interest rate of five percent in the first year. The Company manages its exposure to interest rate risk on its floating interest rate debt through entering into various term lengths on its BAs but in no circumstances do the terms exceed six months.

Sensitivity Analysis

Based on historic movements and volatilities in the interest rate markets and management's current assessment of the financial markets, the Company believes that a one percent variation in the Canadian prime interest rate is reasonably possible over a 12 month period.

A one percent increase (decrease) in the Canadian prime rate would decrease (increase) both annual net earnings and comprehensive income by \$1,839,000.

Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk refers to the risk that the fair value of the investments and investment in related party will fluctuate due to changes in equity markets. Equity price risk arises from the realizable value of the investments that the Company holds which are subject to variable equity market prices which on disposition gives rise to a cash flow equity price risk. The Company will assume full risk in respect of equity price fluctuations.

Foreign Exchange Risk

The Company has no foreign operations and currently sells all of its product sales in Canadian currency. The Company however is exposed to currency risk in that crude oil is priced in US currency, then converted to Canadian currency. The Company currently has no outstanding risk management agreements. The Company will assume full risk in respect of foreign exchange fluctuations.

13. COMMITMENTS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The Company has the following maturity schedule for its financial liabilities and commitments:

(\$ 000s)	Recognized on					Total
	Financial Statements	Less than 1 year	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years to 5 years	Over 5 years to 7 years	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Yes - Liability	40,658	-	-	-	40,658
Due to related parties	Yes - Liability	12,534	-	-	-	12,534
Subordinated promissory note	Yes - Liability	7,706	-	-	-	7,706
Bank Debt	Yes - Liability	238,865	-	-	-	238,865
Subordinated debt	Yes - Liability	-	-	45,598	-	45,598
Firm service commitments	No	89	170	166	13	438
Office lease commitments	No	528	512	355	-	1,395
Total		300,380	682	46,119	13	347,194

The Company has entered into firm service gas transportation agreements in which the Company guarantees certain minimum volumes of natural gas will be shipped on various gas transportation systems. The terms of the various agreements expire in one to seven years. The future minimum payment amounts for the firm service gas transportation agreements are calculated using current tariff rates.

The Company also has non-cancellable office lease commitments for building and office equipment. The building and office equipment leases have an average remaining life of 2.9 years.

14. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

The Government of Alberta's Site Rehabilitation Program ("SRP") provides grant funding through service providers to abandon or remediate oil and gas sites. The Company derecognized approximately \$2,083,000 of asset retirement obligations as an in-kind grant (March 31, 2020 - \$nil). The benefit of the in-kind grant is recognized through other income.

Canadian Emergency Wage Subsidy ("CEWS") is a federal program that allows eligible companies to receive a subsidy of employee wages, subject to a maximum per employee. During the period, the Company received \$152,000 (2020 - \$nil), which resulted in a reduction of employee compensation.

Corporate Information

Board of Directors

Michael G. Stewart - Chair

John J. Campbell

George F. Fink

Randy M. Jarock

Jacqueline R. Ricci

Rodger A. Tourigny

Officers

George F. Fink, CEO

Robb D. Thompson, CFO and Corporate Secretary

Adrian Neumann, Chief Operating Officer

Brad A. Curtis, Senior VP, Business Development

Registrar and Transfer Agent

Odyssey Trust Company

Auditors

Deloitte LLP

Solicitors

Borden Ladner Gervais LLP

Bankers

CIBC

National Bank of Canada

The Toronto-Dominion Bank

ATB Financial

Business Development Bank of Canada

Export Development Bank

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